

The background of the slide is a dark gray circuit board pattern with white lines representing traces and components. The pattern is visible at the top and bottom of the slide, framing the central text area.

# **Technological study of Brazilian government websites**

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**ceweb.br** **nic.br** **cgi.br**

# Introduction

- Colect webpages under .gov.br Top Level Domain
- Perform validation

# Technical environment

- WIRE-Nic is a fork of the open source project WIRE (Web Information Retrieval Environment) that was developed by Center for Web Research from University of Chile. This fork brings some bug fixes and modifications to the original system.
  - A web crawler.
  - Tools for extracting statistics from the collection.
  - Tools for generating reports about the collection.

<https://sourceforge.net/projects/wire-nic/>

# Technical enviroment

- ConNeCTOR - Convenient Network Characteristics Testing

## Organized Routines

- Created to support the carrying out of tests related to geo-localization of the servers and adherence to HTML and accessibility (eMAG / WCAG) standards.

<https://sourceforge.net/projects/connector-nic/>

# Collecting Webpages

- Some conditions the website should satisfy:
  - owning a domain with identified TLD .gov.br;
  - domain identified with the letters –uf.gov.br, that belong to different states of the Brazilian federation.

<http://www.prefeitura.sp.gov.br/>

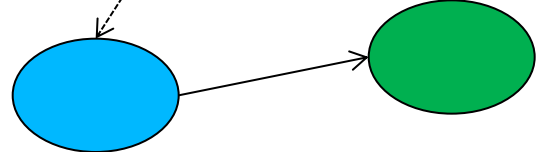
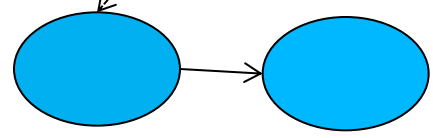
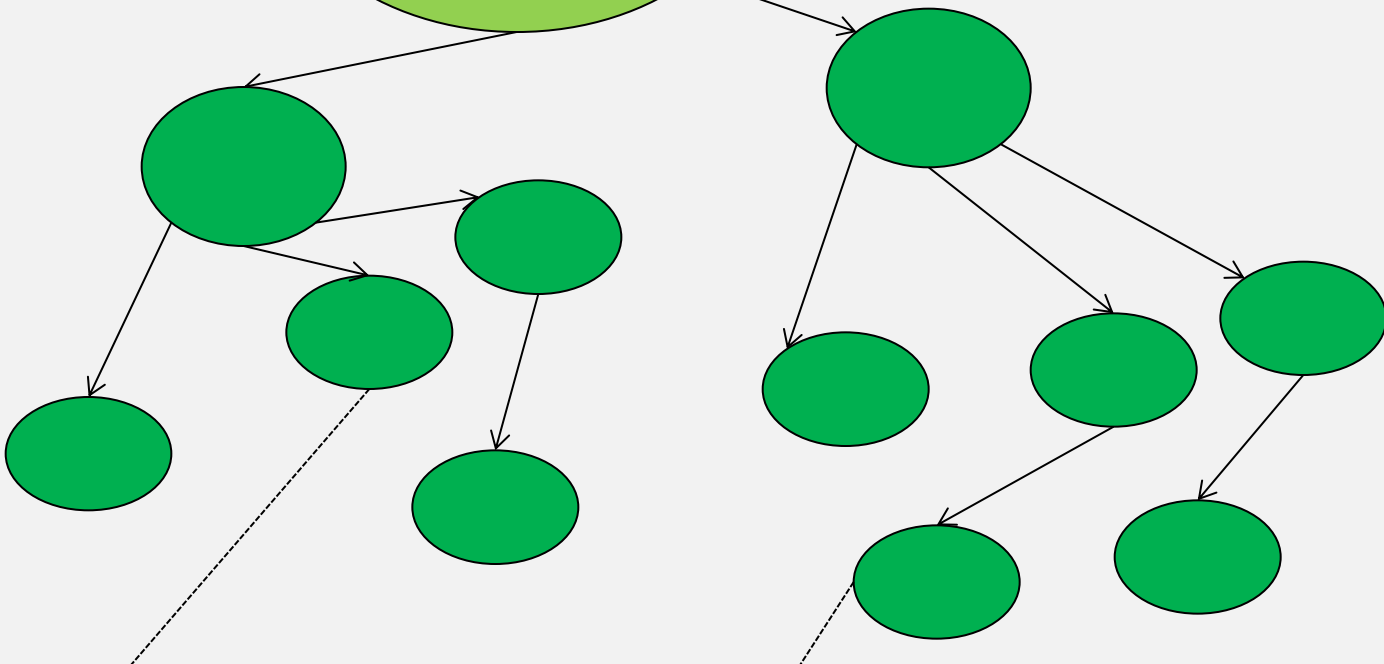
<http://www.nic.br/>

<http://www.google.com.br/>

# Collecting Webpages

- The information in the domains is supplied by the authority for the register of domains in Brazil, Registro.br, with the authorization of the minister for planning, responsible for the use of the domains under .gov.br, and by the companies linked to the respective state governments.

# .gov.br websites





# Validation tools

- W3C Validator: Check W3C Standards compliance
  - <http://validator.w3.org>
- ASES - Avaliador e Simulador de Acessibilidade em Sítios
  - <http://asesweb.governoeletronico.gov.br/ases/>



# Data analyzed

- Size of the Brazilian web
- Language of Brazilian web pages
- Geographical location of servers
- W3C standards compliance
- e-Mag standards compliance

# Results

- Size of the Brazilian web – in Gigabites

2011

**169 GB**

2015

**286 GB**

# Results

- Size of the Brazilian web – number of websites

2011

12.891

2015

11.080

# Results

- Size of the Brazilian web – number of websites

The average size of websites in 2015: 25 MB

Biggest website in 2015: 4.6 GB

# Results

- Size of the Brazilian web – number of webpages

2011  
**6.334.054**

2015  
**8.323.478**

# Results

- Webpage language – Webpages in portuguese

2011  
**97%**

2015  
**98.25%**

# Results

- Number of servers located in Brazil

2011  
**93%**

2015  
**90%**



# Results

- Webpages which adhere to W3C standards

2011  
**5,02%**

2015  
**4,56%**

# Results

- Webpages which adhere to W3C standards

2015:

Pages with less than 10 erros: 21%

Pages with more than 100 error: 10%

# Results

- Webpages which adhere to e-Mag standards  
(web accessibility)

2011  
**2%**

2015  
**5,7%**

# Future work

- Update the validator ASES to reach eMag 3 and WCAG 2.0
- Check other HTML5 features

**Thank you**  
[www.ceweb.br](http://www.ceweb.br)

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June, 11th, 2015

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